

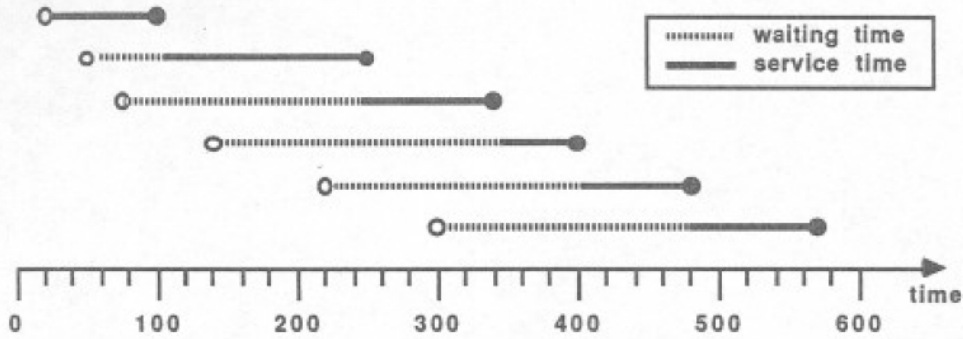
```
//==== Main program =====
int main(void)
{
double  end_time = SIM_TIME; // Total time to simulate
double  Ta = ARR_TIME;      // Mean time between arrivals
double  Ts = SERV_TIME;     // Mean service time
double  time = 0.0;         // Simulation time
double  t1 = 0.0;          // Time for next event #1 (arrival)
double  t2 = SIM_TIME;     // Time for next event #2 (departure)
unsigned int n = 0;        // Number of customers in the system

// Seed the RNG
rand_val(1);

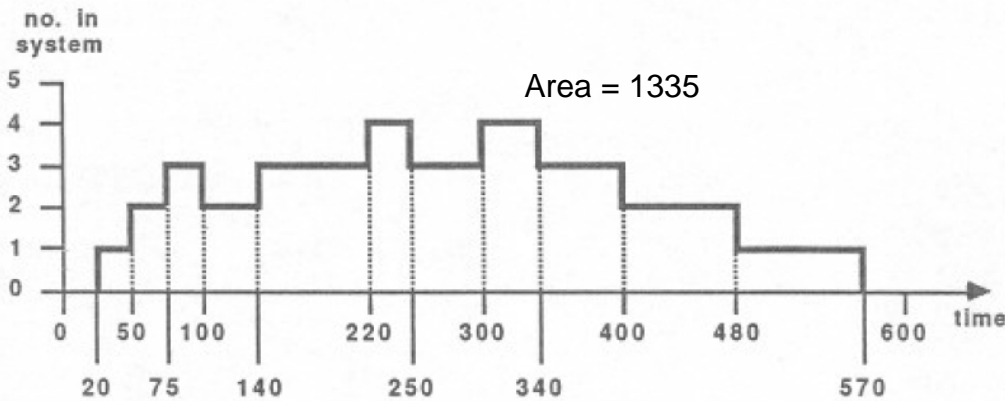
// Main simulation loop
while (time < end_time)
{
if (t1 < t2)                /*** Event #1 (arrival)
{
time = t1;                  // Set time to that of current event
n++;                        // Increment number of customers in system
t1 = time + exponential(Ta); // Assign time for the next arrival event
if (n == 1)                 // If first customer in system then
t2 = time + exponential(Ts); // assign its departure time
}
else                        // *** Event #2 (departure)
{
time = t2;                  // Set time to that of current event
n--;                        // Decrement number of customers in system
if (n > 0)                  // If customers in system then
t2 = time + exponential(Ts); // assign next departure time
else                        // If no customers in system then
t2 = end_time;              // assign next departure to "infinity"
}
}
}
return(0);
}
```

a = 20, 30, 25, 65, 80, 80 } Given
x = 80, 150, 90, 60, 80, 90

From MacDougall (page 15, Fig. 1.5)



(a)



- X =
- B =
- Ts =
- U =
- W =
- Wq =
- L =
- Lq =